



LogiTemp® Electronic Controller System

Operations Manual

(Full Gauge Version MT514)



MT-514E FASTON

DIGITAL CONTROLLER FOR HEATING OR COOLING WITH DEFROST AND CONFIGURABLE ALARM OUTPUT





Alarm





shutdown









EVOLUTION



/ARNING

for quick coupling



BEFORE INSTALLING THE CONTROLLER, WE RECOMMEND READING THROUGH THE ENTIRE INSTRUCTION MANUAL IN ORDER TO AVOID POSSIBLE DAMAGE TO THE

PRECAUTIONS WHEN INSTALLING THE PRODUCT:

Before performing any procedure on this instrument, disconnect it from the mains; Ensure that the instrument has adequate ventilation and avoid installation in panels containing devices that may cause it to operate outside the specified temperature limits:

Install the product away from sources that may generate electromagnetic disturbances such as: motors, contactors, relays, solenoid valves, etc;

SERVIÇO AUTORIZADO:

A instalação ou manutenção do produto deve ser realizado somente por profissionais qualificados; ACESSÓRIOS: Utilize apenas acessórios originais Full Gauge Controls.

Em caso de dúvidas, entre em contato com o suporte técnico.

POR ESTAR EM CONSTANTE EVOLUÇÃO, A FULL GAUGE CONTROLS RESERVA-SE O DIREITO DE ALTERAR AS INFORMAÇÕES CONTIDÁS NO MANUALA QUALQUER MOMENTO, SEM PRÉVIO AVISO.

1. DESCRIPTION

The MT-514 = FASTON is a temperature controller for cooling or heating applications. It has an internal audible alarm (buzzer) and an output for alarm control that can also be configured for electric defrost, hot gas defrost, fan or as a second compressor that will act in parallel with the main one. The minimum and maximum temperature record is displayed at the touch of a single key 🖸 (Flatec). Another available feature is the shutdown of control functions, making it possible for the MT-514 € FASTON to operate only as a temperature indicator. And through an intelligent function blocking system, it prevents unauthorized persons from changing the control parameters. Product is compliant with UL Inc. (United States and Canada).

2. APPLICATION

- Vaccine refrigerators
- Refrigerated counters
- Freezers rooms
- Hot counters
- Greenhouses

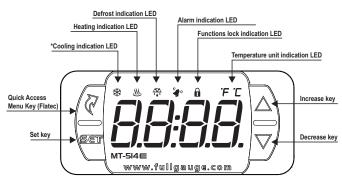
3. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power supply	MT-514 E Faston: 115 or 230 Vac ±10%(50/60 Hz) MT-514 EL Faston: 12 or 24 Vac/dc +10%
Control temperature	-50 to 105°C (-58 to 221°F)*
Operating temperature	0 to 50 °C / 32 to 122°F
Load current (outputs)	OUT1: 16(12)A 250Vac 2HP OUT2: 10A / 240Vac 1/4HP
Operating humidity	10 to 90%RH (without condensation)
Dimensions (mm)	76 x 34 x 84 mm (WxHxD)
Dimensions of the clipping for fixing of the instrument	$71 \pm 0.5 \times 29 \pm 0.5 \text{ mm (see item 5)}$

(*) This instrument measures and controls temperatures of up to 200°C/392°F, using the silicone sensor cable SB59 (sold separately).

Note: The sensor cable lenght can be increased by the user up to 200 meters using PP 2 x 24 AWG cable.

4. INDICAÇÕES E TECLAS



* Blinking led (when F26 = 7): Indicates that OUT1 has been activated and the compressor delay is occurring before trigger OUT2

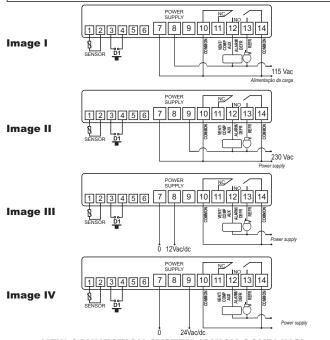
5. WIRING DIAGRAM

5.1. Identifications (see Images I to IV)

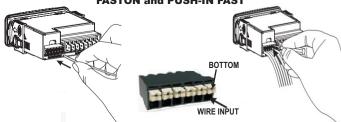
- Image I: MT-512E 2HP Faston, supplied at 115 Vac.
 Image II: MT-512E 2HP Faston, supplied at 230 Vac.
 Image III: MT-512EL 2HP Faston, supplied at 12 Vac/dc.
- Image IV: MT-512EL 2HP Faston, supplied at 24 Vac/dc.

⚠ ATTENTION

FOR INSTALLATIONS WHERE A SEALING IS REQUIRED TO AVOID LIQUID CONTACT, THE CUT FOR THE CONTROLLER MUST BE OF 70.5X29mm MAXIMUM. THE SIDE LOCKS MUST BE FIXED SO IT PRESSES THE RUBBER SEALING AVOIDING INFILTRATION BETWEEN THE CUTAND THE CONTROLLER



NEW CONNECTION SYSTEM (QUICK COUPLING): **FASTON and PUSH-IN FAST**



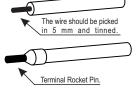
CONNECTION:

- Hold the wire near its end and insert it into the desired slot
- If necessary, press the bottom to assist the connection.

- In the Push-In connectors the maximum wire gauge that can be used is 1.5mm².
- The wires must be tinned or use Rocket Pin terminals with a maximum gauge of 0.75mm².

DISCONNECT:

- To disconnect the cord, press the bottom and remove it.



5.2. Temperature sensor connection

- Connect the sensor S1 wires to terminals "1 and 2" spring type connector. The polarity is not relevant.
- Length of the sensor cables can be increased by user himself to up to 200 meters, using a PP2x24 AWG cable.

5.3. Recommendations of IEC60364 standard

- a) Install overload protectors in the controller supply.
- b) Install transient suppressors suppressor filter RC in the circuit to increase the service life of the controller relay. See connection instructions of the filter on the previous page.
- c) The sensor cables may be together, but not in the same conduit where the power supply of the controller and/or of the loads passes through.

6. FIXING PROCEDURE

- a) Cutout the panel plate (Image V item 13) where the controller will be fixed, with dimensions $X = 71 \pm 0.5$ mm and $Y = 29 \pm 0.5$ mm;
- b) Remove the side locks (Image VI item 13): To do this, squeeze the elliptical central part (with the Logo Full Gauge Controls) and move the latches back:
- c) Pass the wires through the cutout of the plate (image VII Item 13) and make the electrical installation as described in item 6;
- d) Insert the controller into the panel cutout, from the outside in;
- e) Replace the latches and push then until they are pressed against the panel, securing the controller to the housing (see arrow in Figure VI - item 13);
- f) Adjust the parameters as described in item 9.

<u>MARNING:</u> for installations requiring liquid-tight sealing, the cut-off for the installation of the controller should be at must 70.5x29mm. The side latches must be secured so that they press the rubber sealing to prevent infiltration between the cutout and the controller.

Vinyl protector - Image IX (item 13)

Protects the controller should when installed in a place with splashing water, such as in refrigerated counters. This adhesive vinyl accompanies the instrument, on the packaging.

<u> ∧ IMPORTANT:</u> Apply only after completing electrical connections.

a) Retract the lateral locks (Image VI - item 13);

b) Remove the protective film from the adhesive side of the vinyl;

c) Apply the vinyl over the whole top, folding the flaps, as indicated by the arrows-Image IX (item 13);

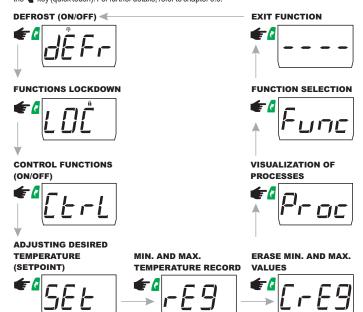
d) Reinstall the latches.

Note: The vinyl is transparent, allowing to visualize the electric scheme of the instrument.

7. OPERATIONS

6.1. Quick Access Menu Map

To access or browse in the quick access menu, use the delegation key (quick touch) while the temperature is being displayed by the controller. Each touch displays the next function of the list; for confirming, use the key (quick touch). For further details, refer to chapter 6.3.



7.2. Quick access keys map

When controller is on temperature display mode, the following keys can be used as a shortcut for the following functions:

SET	Hold down for 2 seconds: setpoint adjustment.			
7	Quick touch: display of current process and sensor temperature when $\boxed{F \cdot Y \cdot I} = 1$ or 2.			
	Hold down for 2 seconds: inhibit audible alarm (buzzer).			
	Quick touch: maximum and minimum temperature display.			
~	Pressed for 5 seconds: turn on/turn off the control functions.			
	Hold down for 4 seconds: carries out manual defrost.			
~	Quick touch: enters quick access menu.			
and	Hold down simultaneously: enters function selection.			

7.3. Basic operations

7.3.1. Adjusting desired temperature (setpoint)

If configured not to use recipes (F03= _____):
-Hold down the key for 2 seconds until the message 5 E ___ is displayed;

-Then the message <u>SP</u> will be displayed and the setpoint may be adjusted;
-Use the
or A keys for changing the value, then press to confirm.

If configured to use presets (F03=9E5):

Each preset may be set up to use different values for the Setpoint, Control differential (hysteresis) and Cooling time (interval between defrosts).

- To select the preset:
 -Hold down the key for 2 seconds until the message 5 £ £ is displayed;
- -Then the currently selected preset will appear $\[\underline{r} \[\underline{c} \] \]$ or $\[\underline{r} \[\underline{c} \] \]$
- Use the ∇ or \triangle keys to select which of the 2 presets will be used.
- To confirm the selection, press

Note: The values of functions Setpoint, Control differential (hysteresis) and Cooling time (interval between defrosts) for each preset are set up in the parameters menu.

7.3.2. Manual Defrost

Manual defrost can be carried ou through the easy menu, decrement key or digital input.

Defrost using the easy menu: Press the key (short touch) until the message (dEFr) (flashing ♣ led) appears, then press the \P key (short touch) to select. Then the following message will be displayed <code>[]EFF</code> [[] (led # access). To switch off the defrost manually, press the button <code>[]</code> (short touch) until the message <code>[]EFF</code> (flashing # led) appears. Press the wey (short press) to select. Then the message ☐ FF ☐ ☐ FF (led # off).

Defrost using the key (increments): To activate / deactivate the defrost manually, just press the key for 4 seconds.

Defrost via digital input: If function F 35 - Digital input operation mode is set to input: Manual defrost, just touch the button (not supplied) connected to the digital input.



7.3.3. Functions lockdown

The use of the functions lockdown brings greater security to the operation of the instrument. When it is active, the setpoint and other parameters can be visible to the user, but are protected against undue changes (F42=2) or you can block changes of control functions and leave the adjustment of the setpoint enabled(F 42 =1).

Using the key 🛭 (short touch), access the function 🗓 🗓 in the easy menu, confirm by pressing 🦉 time configured for the functions lockdown F43, until LDE is displayed. The message Dn will be displayed indicating the lockdown function is activated upon releasing the key.



until $\boxed{L\ \square\ L}$ is displayed. Keep the key pressed for ten seconds and the message $\boxed{\square\ F\ F}$ will be shown on the display indicating the deactivation of the lockdown function when the key is released.

7.3.4. Shutdown of Control Functions

Turning off control functions allows the controller to operate only as a temperature indicator, keeping the control outputs and alarms off. The use of this feature is enabled or not by the Shutdown of Control Functions feature FYY. When enabled, the control and alarm functions are turned off $([\underline{\mathit{Erl}}, [\underline{\mathit{BFF}}])$ or turned on $([\underline{\mathit{Erl}}, [\underline{\mathit{Bn}}])$ through the menu provided in the option $[\underline{\mathit{Erl}}]$. When the control functions are switched off, the message $[\underline{\mathit{BFF}}]$ will be displayed alternately with the temperature and other messages. Control functions can be switched off / on by pressing the key **a** for 5 seconds or by setting the **F35** function - Digital input operation mode to B - Digital input: To switch off the manual control, just touch the button (not supplied) connected to the digital input to activate or deactivate this functionality.

Note: When restarting the control functions, the times defined in the functions are counted, and these delay the powering up of the instrument and the alarm inhibition time when switching on the controller.



7.3.5. Visualization of Processes

until the message Proc appears. This way, the controller will display the current process status, and the following messages may appear on the display:

JEL - Initial delay (delay in the instrument start-up)

rEFr - Cooling - Heating

dEF - Defrost

ਰਾਸ਼ - Drainage - Control functions off

Note: If the function $\boxed{F \cdot Y}$ - Display indication has been set to $\boxed{\underline{f} \circ g \cdot L}$ or $\boxed{\underline{U} \circ \underline{F}}$, the message of the process in progress will be displayed, the time elapsed from this process and then the message [EETIP] followed by the display of the measured temperature by the sensor, for a few seconds on the

7.3.6. Minimum and Maximum Temperature Record

Pressing down the key or also via the quick access menu (see chapter 6), will cause the message r E 9 to be displayed, then the minimum and maximum temperatures recorded.

For erasing the current minimum and maximum values, hold down the key (quick touch) until the message [red] is displayed, then the message [red] will appear; enter the value [red], then confirm with the \P key. If the code is correctly entered, the message $_ SE$ will be displayed. F5E. This procedure keeps unauthorized users from erasing the minimum and maximum temperature records

Note 1: The minimum and maximum temperature records shall only be performed after the elapsing of the alarm inhibition time when energizing the controller and after the delay in the instrument energizing F32 + F19.

Note 2: The minimum and maximum temperature records shall only be performed after the compressor reaches the active preset setpoint; before that, the ____ messages will be displayed for the records of minimum and for the records of maximum temperature.

7.3.7. Unit Selection

To select the temperature unit in which the instrument will operate enter the function F 1 using the access code 2 1 then press the . key. Then, select the unit desired C or OF using the keys; to confirm press . Every time the unit is changed, the functions settings return to the default value, thus, they must be set up again.

7.3.8. Buzzer inhibition

remain inhibited until a new alarm event takes place.

7.4. Advanced operations

The functions menu can be accessed through the quick access menu (according to chapter 6), option Func or by pressing simultaneously \overrightarrow{p} and \overrightarrow{a} during the temperature display. To allow change of parameters, enter \boxed{FD} by pressing \overrightarrow{q} (quick touch) and using the \overrightarrow{p} or \overrightarrow{a} keys enter code 123 (one hundred and twenty-three), and then confirm with \P . For changing the other functions, browse the menu through the ∇ or \triangle keys and proceed the same way in order to adjust them. To exit the menu and return to the normal operation, press (long touch) until or is displayed.

OBS: If the functions lockdown is enabled, when pressing the or keys, the controller will display

the message [[[] and will not allow parameter adjustment.

7.5. Parameter table

		CELSIUS		FAHRENHEIT					
Fun	Description	Min	Max	Unit	Stand.	Min	Max	Unit	Stand.
FDI	Access code: 123 (one hundred and twenty three)	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
F02	Sensor indication offset	-20,0	20,0	°C	0,0	-4	68	°F	32
F D 3	Using Recipes		yes	-	no	no	yes	-	no
FDY	Output operation mode (OUT1)	0-cool.	1-heat.	-	0-cool.	0-cool.	1-heat.	•	0-cool.
F 0 5	Output setpoint (rc1)	-50,0	200,0	°C	4,0	-58	392	°F	39
F06	Output control differential (rc1)	0,1	20,0	°C	1,0	1	36	°F	1
F07	Refrigeration time (rc1)	1	9999	min.	240	1	9999	min.	240
F 0 8	Defrost time (rc1)	0(no)	999	min.	30	0(no)	999	min.	30
F 09	Output setpoint (rc2)	-50,0	200,0	°C	0,0	-58	392	°F	32
F 10	Output control differential (rc2)	0.1	20	°C	1	1	36	°F	1
[F]]	Refrigeration time (rc2)	1	9999	min.	240	1	9999	min.	240
F 12	Defrost time (rc2)	0(no)	999	min.	30	0(no)	999	min.	30
F 13	Minimum setpoint allowed for end user	-50,0	200,0	°C	-50,0	-58	392	°F	-58
F 14	Maximum setpoint allowed for end user	-50,0	200,0	°C	75,0	-58	392	°F	167
F 15	Minimum output time OUT1 turned on	0(no)	999	sec.	20	0(no)	999	sec.	20
F 16	Maximum output time OUT1 turned off	0(no)	999	sec.	20	0(no)	999	sec.	20
[F]7	Initial state when powering up the instrument	0-cool.	1-defr.	-	0-cool.	0-cool.	1-defr.	-	0-cool.
[F 18]	Temperature indication locked during defrost		yes	-	no	no	yes	-	no
F 19	Delay in powering up the instrument (delay)	0(no)	240	min.	0(no)	0(no)	240	min.	0(no)
F20	Compressor status with sensor disconnected		2	-	0	0	2	-	0
F21	Time the compressor was on in case of an error		999	min.	15	1	999	min.	15
[F22]	Time the compressor was off in case of an error	1	999	min.	15	1	999	min.	15
F23	Max. Time the compressor was on without reaching the setpoint		9999	min.	0(no)	0(no)	9999	min.	0(no)
F24	Low temperature alarm		200,0	°C	-50(no)	-58	392	°F	-58
F 25	High temperature alarm		200,0	°C	200(no)	-58	392	°F	392
F 2 6	Output Operating Mode OUT2	1	7	-	1	1	7	-	1
F27	Fan Operation Mode during refrigeration	0	2	-	0	0	2		0
F28	Fan On Time	1	99	min.	2	1	99	min.	2
F 29	Fan Off Time	1	99	min.	2	1	99	min.	2
F 30	Fan delay	0(no)	999	min.	2	0(no)	999	min.	2
F 3 1	Delay between compressors being turned on	0(no)	99	seg.	15	0(no)	99	sec.	15
F32	Alarm inhibition time when turning on the controller	0(no)	999	min.	0(no)	0(no)	999	min.	0(no)
F33	Alarm inhibition time by ambient temperature	0(no)	999	min.	0(no)	0(no)	999	min.	0(no)
F34	Enable Buzzer (0-Disabled / 1-Enabled)	0(off)	1	-	0(off)	0(off)	1	•	0(off)
F 35	Digital input operation mode	0(no)	8	-	0(no)	0(no)	8	-	0(no)
F 36	Output time when switched on in OUT2 alarm state	0	999	sec.	1	0	999	sec.	1
F37	Output time when switched off in OUT2 alarm state	0	999	sec.	1	0	999	sec.	1
F 38	Door open time to trigger alarm		999	min.	0(no)	0(no)	999	min.	0(no)
F39	Digital filter operating mode	0	1	Ŀ	0	0	1	-	0
F40	Intesity of the digital filter applied to the sensors	0(no)	20	sec.	0(no)	0(no)	20	sec.	0(no)
FYI	Display indication	0	2	-	0	0	2	-	0
F42	Blocking functions	0	2	-	0	0	2	•	0
F 43	Time for blocking functions	15	60	sec.	15	15	60	sec.	15
FYY	Shutdown of control functions	0(no)	2		0(no)	0(no)	2	-	0(no)

7.5.1. Description of parameters

F01 - Access code 123 (one hundred and twenty-three):

This is required when intending to change the configuration parameters. Entering of this code is not required if the intention is just visualizing the parameters adjusted.

It allows entering of the expected access codes: 123 - Allows access for changing the table parameters

231 - Allows configuring of the unit of measurement or or .
[23] - To select the unit in which the instrument will operate enter the function [F]] using the
access code 231 then press the \ key. Then, select the unit desired 0 or 0 using
the or keys to confirm press

Note: Every time the unit is changed, the parameters should be reset, since they assume the 'standard' values of the parameter's table

F02 - Sensor indication displacement (offset):

Allows compensation for any temperature deviations from sensor replacement or change in the cable length.

F03 - Using Presets:

Allows configuration of the controller so as whether or not to use the presets:

- No: If configured this way, the instrument will not use the preset values in the control routines.
For this purpose, the setpoint 5P will be used, adjusted via the quick access menu. The control
differential to be used shall be the same as in preset [FC], [FD] "OUT1 output control
differential ([c])". The cooling time to be used shall be the same as in preset [c] , F [] 7
"OUT1 output cooling time ([r c])". Defrost time to be used will be the same as in preset 1,
F DB "OUT1 output defrost time ([c [])".

The value configured in 5P may be adjusted between F; 3 "Minimum setpoint allowed to the end user" and F14 "Maximum setpoint allowed to the end user".

In this configuration, the controller will not indicate which preset is enabled.

 Yes: Selection of presets will be made through the quick access menu, in the same way as for
 adjusting the setpoint. In this configuration, the controller will indicate in the display which preset is enabled, $r \in I$ or $r \in Z$. If configured this way, in the control routines the instrument will use the values of setpoint, control differential, cooling time and defrost time configured in the parameters table.

F04 - Output operating mode OUT1:

Selects the out1 output operating mode:

0] - Cooling
- 1]-Heating

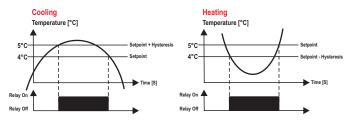
F05 - Operation setpoint (_- _ / _):

It is the reference value for temperature control, that is, the temperature to be maintained in a controlled

F06 - Control differential (Hysteresis) ([- c | |):

It is the difference in temperature (hysteresis) between TURNING ON and OFF the cooling (or heating) when recipe $(\underline{r} \underline{c} \underline{l})$ is used.

Example: One wants to control the temperature at 4.0 °C with a differential of 1.0 °C. Therefore, the cooling is switched off at 4.0 °C and switched back on at 5.0 °C (4.0 + 1.0).



F07 - Cooling time (interval between defrosts) ($\lceil \underline{r} \underline{c} \rceil \rfloor$): Corresponds to the time the controller will act on cooling when preset ($\lceil \underline{r} \underline{c} \rceil \rceil$), is used; following this period, the controller enters the natural defrost process.

F08 - Defrost time (__ c / _):

It is the defrost duration time when preset $(\underline{r}_{\mathcal{L}})$ is used. Within this period, the relay will remain off; following this period, the controller will then return to the cooling state.

F09 - Operation setpoint (rc 2):

It is the reference value for temperature control, that is, the temperature to be maintained in a controlled environment when preset (r c 2) is used.

F10 - Control differential (Hysteresis) ([cc]): It is the difference in temperature (hysteresis) between TURNING ON and OFF the cooling (or heating) when preset (r c 2) is used.

Example: One wants to control the temperature at 4.0 °C with a differential of 1.0 °C. Therefore, the cooling is switched off at 4.0 °C and switched back on at 5.0 °C (4.0 + 1.0).

F11 - Cooling time (interval between defrosts) (_- _ _ _):

Corresponds to the time the controller will act on cooling when recipe ([- c 2]) is used; following this period, the controller enters the natural defrost process.

F12 - Defrost time (r c ?):

It is the defrost duration time when preset ($\boxed{\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ }$) is used. Within this period, the relay will remain off; at the end of this period, the controller will return to the cooling state.

F13 - Minimum setpoint allowed to the end user:

Avoids regulation of excessively low setpoint temperatures by mistake.

F14 - Maximum setpoint allowed to the end user:

Avoids regulation of excessively high setpoint temperatures by mistake.

F15 - Minimum OUT1 output time on:

It is the minimum time the compressor will remain on, i.e. the time interval between the last start-up and the next stop.

F16 - Minimum OUT1 output time off:

It is the minimum time the compressor will remain off, i.e. the time interval between the last stop and the next start-up. It is used to relieve the discharge pressure and increase the service life of compressor.

F17 - Initial status when energizing the instrument:

It allows defrosting when controller is energized such as, for example, upon resuming of electric power (in the event of power outage).

I ti iC C v	cittorpow
D	- Cooling
- 1	- Defrost

F18 - Temperature indication locked during defrost:

If FIB is enabled, the indication will only be released at the next cooling cycle after the temperature reaches the "locked" value again, or after 15 minutes in cooling (as a safety measure).

F19 - Instrument energization delay:

This function being enabled, when the instrument is energized it only works as temperature indicator remaining with the output off during the defined time. In installations with several units of equipment, configuring different values for the delay time in the start-up of each instrument, it is possible to avoid peaks of demand by activating the loads at different times.

This delay may be of the compressor or of defrost (when defrost is configured at the start).

Note: At its end, the count of minimum time of output off is started, if there is any.

F20 - Compressor status with the sensor damaged:

If the sensor is in short-circuited, off or out of the measure range, the compressor assumes the set status in this function.

	- Compressor off	
	- Compressor on	
ā	Cycling according to times defined in F21 and F	ē
Noto If	in the heating mode, and in error, the output will be switched	d

F21 - Compressor time on in case of error:

F22 - Compressor time off in case of error:

These determine the minimum time the compressor will remain on/off, respectively, if the sensor is off or out of the measure range.

F23 - Maximum Compressor on without reaching setpoint:

This is the maximum time the compressor may remain on without reaching the setpoint during the cooling process for safety reasons. If this time is surpassed, the output is switched off and also the visual alarm $\underbrace{\textit{R}_{L} - \textit{L}}_{L}$ and the audible alarm (buzzer) will be activated. This function can be switched off by setting it at the minimum value 0 7 p

Note 1: In this situation, the controller should be switched off and switched back on so as to continue with the operation

Note 2: If the OUT2 output is set up to work differently from the alarm, this will also be switched off for safety reasons

F24 - Low temperature alarm: It is the temperature below that which the instrument will visually display the low temperature alarm [RELO] as well as the audible alarm (Buzzer). The differential for switching off the alarm is fixed at 0.1°C / 1°F. This alarm considers the temperature shown on the display, thus being influenced by the temperature indication that was locked during the defrost FiB. To disable this alarm, simply set this function to the minimum value until _____ is displayed F25 - High temperature alarm: His the temperature above that which the instrument will visually display the high temperature alarm $\exists \underline{F} \underline{F} \underline{F}$, as well as the audible alarm (Buzzer). The differential for switching off the alarm is fixed at 0.1°C / 1°F. This alarm considers the temperature shown on the display, thus being influenced by the temperature indication that was locked during the defrost FIB. To disable this alarm, simply set this function to the maximum vale until _____ is displayed. Note: For safety, output OUT1 is switched off if the controller is configured for heating and a high temperature alarm $\boxed{B \not\sqsubseteq h_J}$ occurs, or if it is configured for cooling and a low temperature alarm $\boxed{B \not\sqsubseteq L_D}$ occurs, therefore, you must set the alarm limits above (if heating) or below (if cooling) the desired temperature (setpoint of output OUT1). F26 - Output Operating Mode OUT2: Select the operating mode of the OUT2 output. minimum and maximum values to trigger the alarm output. 2 - Extra alarm-setpoint range: It considers the active receipt setpoint range: It considers the active receipt setpoint range: and the absolute values defined in F29 and F25, that is, the positive value of these functions as minimum and maximum values to trigger the alarm output. For example: Desired temperature 5P Desired temperature |SP|:-5°C Low temperature alarm $F \ge 7$:2°C High temperature alarm $F \ge 7$:2°C City Limits: (|SP|- $|F \ge 7]$ and |SP|+ $|F \ge 5$). The low temperature alarm will go off at -7°C (-5-2) and the high temperature alarm at -3°C (-5+2). 3 - Electric defrost (using resistances): Where only the OUT2 output is activated during the defrost process. · पी - Hot gas defrost : Where the compressor outputs OUT1 and OUT2 are activated during the defrost process. 5 - Output OUT2 as NF of output OUT1: In this option, the OUT2 output is activated when the OUT1 output is deactivated, regardless of the state (cooling / heating or defrost), except when the sensor is in error F20. Б - OUT2 output as ventilation: In this mode, the output will be used to activate a fan that will remain on during the defrost interval. While the controller is cooling, the output will remain in operation according to the configuration selected in function F27-Fan Operation Mode during cooling. OUT2 output as an auxiliary compressor: The output will be used to start a seconds compressor. Output OUT2 will be activated immediately after output OUT1 is activated, according to the value configured in function F3 /- Delay between the activation of compressors, and always switched off together with output OUT1. Note 1: If the OUT2 output is configured to work different than an alarm, the absolute alarm indications are still visual (messages on the display) and audible (if the buzzer is enabled) Note 2: If the OUT2 output is configured for defrost (electric or hot gas), after the defrost time has elapsed, a fixed time of 2 minutes is counted for drainage. This time is necessary for dripping, that is, for the last drops of water to drain from the evaporator. During this period, outputs OUT1 and OUT2 remain Note 3: If output OUT2 is configured for ventilation, and if a sensor error occurs, output OUT2 will be activated and deactivated together with output OUT1, that is, if OUT1 is activated OUT2 remains activated, and will continue to work together according to the configuration selected in function F 2 [] - Compressor status with the sensor disconnected. F27 - Fan operation mode during cooling:

Selects the operating mode of the OUT2 output when F25 = 6.

① - OUT2 output remains activated as long as OUT1 output (compressor) is activated. When the compressor is off by setpoint, the OUT2 output will be cyclically activated according to the values configured in the functions F28 - Fan Time On and F29 - Fan Time Off;

① - Output OUT2 will remain on regardless of output OUT1;

- OUT2 output will remain on as long as OUT1 output is on and off when OUT1 output is turned

F28 - Fan On Time:

F29 - Fan Off Time:

Define fan on time F2B and fan off time F29 when the controller is in refrigeration mode (Fig. 4] = 0) with output OUT1 turned off by temperature (setpoint) and OUT2 configured for fan control ($\boxed{F \supseteq B} = 6$) and operating in cyclic mode ($\boxed{F \supseteq 7} = 0$)

F30 - Fan Delay:

Defines the time (delay) before activating the OUT2 output (if configured as fan F25 = 6) after the start of a new refrigeration cycle.

F31 - Delay between compressors being turned on:

Defines the time (delay) before activating the OUT2 output (if configured as auxiliary compressor F 2 5 = 7). Every time the OUT1 output is activated, the time configured in this function will elapse before activating the OUT2 output.

F32 - Alarm inhibition time when energizing the controller:

This is the time during which the alarm remains off even under conditions of alarm during the instrument start-up. This time will be counted after elapsing of the time configured in F19. This function can be switched off by setting it at the minimum value 0 72

F33 - Alarm inhibition time by temperature:

With this configuration active, the temperature will need to remain in the alarm condition during the inhibition time set, for the alarm to be indicated. That way one can prevent alerts resulting from specific temperature variations, and after defrost.

F34 - Enable buzzer (0-Disabled/1-Enabled):

Allows enabling and disabling of the internal buzzer for alarm signaling.

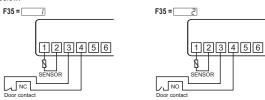
E35.	Dinital	innut	operation	mode
r.30.	· Diditai	ınbu	coberation	mode

Select the operatiing mode of the digital input. n o - Disabled - Digital input: Door open (active when closing contact) - Digital input: Door open (active when opening contact) Digital input: External alarm / power failure (active when closing contact) Digital input: External alarm / power failure (active when opening contact) - Digital input: Door open and power failure (active when closing contact) - Digital input: Door open and power failure (active when opening contact)

Digital input: Push-button type switch (button) to manually start/stop defrost - Digital input: Push-button type switch (button) to switch the control functions off or on

Examples of connection for detecting open door alarm:

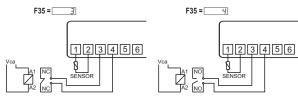
This configuration may be used for the MT-5I4E Faston to detect whether the door has been left open for a time above the value set up in "F33] - Time with open door to trigger alarm". In this configuration, the message [RUPn] is displayed when an open door alarm is detected. To that end, the user may use the NO or NC pushbuttons (not supplied) connected to the digital input, as shown in examples below:



Examples of connection for power outage detection:

This configuration may be used when MT-5I4

■ Faston is being energized by a 12/24 V DC battery (common in vaccine refrigerators) and one wants to detect when a power outage occurred (115/230 V AC). In this configuration, the message $\boxed{\textit{RUoL}}$ is displayed when alarm is detected for power outage. To that end, the user may utilize a contactor or auxiliary contact (not supplied), where NC

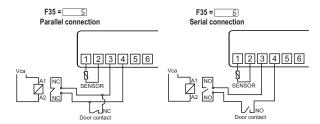


Example of connections for detecting open door and power outage:

This configuration may be used to detect power outage alarm (115/230 VAC) and also to detect that the door has been left open (either one event).

In those configurations, the messages $[RU_OL]$ and $[RUP_O]$ are displayed alternately when alarm event is detected (power outage or open door alarm).

For this purpose, the user may use the pushbuttons (not supplied) and a contactor or auxiliary contact (not supplied) connected in series or in parallel, as shown in examples below:



F36 - Output on time in OUT2 alarm status:

F37 - Output off time in OUT2 alarm status:

Selects the cycling time in seconds of the alarm output when it is active. If any of those functions are set [] the output will be permanently active.

F38 - Open door time for alarm:

If the door remains open for a time equal to, or greater than, the one configured in this parameter, the controller will set off a visual open door alarm (\overrightarrow{RUPn}) and the audible alarm (Buzzer).

The alarms are suspended upon the door closing. The audible alarm may be inhibited through the key (pressed for 2s). This function can be switched off by setting it at the minimum value 0 no Note 1: In order for the open door alarm to operate, the function "Digital input operating mode" F 35

must be configured as open door contact. The audible alarm is activated only if the buzzer is enabled in the function "Enable Buzzer (0-Disabled /1-Enabled)" F 3 4].

Note 2: If the function "Digital input operating mode" F35 is configured as open door contact, the open door indication $\overline{\mathit{GPEn}}$ will be displayed every time the door is open, except for the cases of

F39 - Operating mode of the digital filter:

 $\overline{\mathcal{Q}}$ - The filter acts both on the rise as on the decrease temperature.

] - The filter acts only in the temperature rise ramp. When the temperature falls, your response will be immediate

F40 -Digital filter intensity applied to the sensor:

This filter has the purpose of simulating increase in thermal mass at the sensor thereby increasing its response time (thermal inertia). The higher the value set in this function, the more time the sensor takes to respond

This function can be switched off by setting it at the minimum value $0 \, \underline{\ } \, \underline{\$

F41 - Indicação do Display:

Defines wheter the display will show the sensor temperature in real time or a static message on the display

 EFTP
 - Displays the sensor temperature in real time

process in progress will be displayed as well as the elapsed time of this process and then the message [FETP] followed by the display of the temperature measured by the sensor, for a few seconds on the

F42 - Functions lockdown:

This allows and configures the functions lockdown.

🗓 - Do not allow the functions lockdown.

 $\overline{\underline{\jmath}}$ - Allow a partial lockdown where the control functions will be locked but the adjustment of the setpoint, manual defrost, and maximum and minimum record are allowed.

2 - Allow the full lockdown, enabling only the manual defrost and maximum and minimum

F43 - Time for functions lockdown:

Allow lockdown of control functions (see item 7.3.3).

F44 - Control functions shutdown:

Allow control functions shutdown (see item 7.3.4).

- Disables the control functions shutdown.

Enables activation/deactivation of the control functions only if the functions are unlocked.

Enables activation/deactivation of the control functions even if the functions are locked.

8. SINALIZAÇÕES

3	
Errl	Sensor disconnected or damaged.
dEFr On	Manual activation of defrost process.
der-Off	Manual activation of end of defrost process.
ALLO	Low temperature alarm.
Ath.	High temperature alarm.
ALr[Compressor reached maximum time on limit without reaching SP.
AUOL	Power outage alarm indication.
ADPn	Open door alarm indication.
<u>OPE</u> n	Open door indication.
1 n 1 b	Buzzer inhibited.
LOC 0n	Functions lockdown.
LOC OFF	Unlocking of functions.
<u>O</u> FF	Control functions off.
ECAL	Contact Full Gauge Controls.
PPPP	Reconfigure the values of the functions.

9. OPTIONAL ITEMS - Sold Separately

EasyProg - version 2 or higher

It is an accessory that has as its main function to store the parameters of the controllers. At any time, you can load new parameters of a controller and unload them on a production line (of the same controller), for example. It has three types of connections to load or unload the parameters:

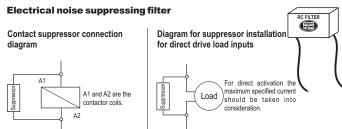
- Serial RS-485: It connects via RS-485 network to the controller (only for controllers that have RS-485).
- USB; it can be connected to the computer via the USB port, using Sitrad's Recipe Editor.
- Serial TTL: The controller can be connected directly to **EasyProg** by the TTL Serial connection.

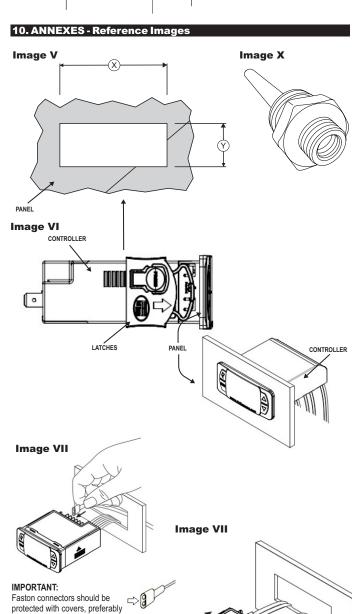
It is recommended for the Evolution line, keeps water from entering the back part of the instrument. It also protects the product when the installation site is washed.

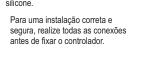
Note: Ecase is compatible with the use of small type Faston terminals, usually with silicone protection.

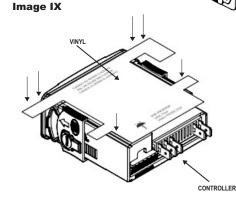
Extension Frame

The Full Gauge Controls extension frame allows the installation of Evolution / Ri line with measures 76x34x77 mm (dimensions of the clipping for fixing in the extension frame is 71x29mm) in varied situations, since it eliminates precision cut to embed the instrument. Allows customization via a sticker with the brand and the company contact, and accompany two 10A (250 Vac) switches that can trigger internal light, air curtain, on / off system or fan.











ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Packaging:

The materials used in the packaging of Full Gauge products are 100% recyclable. Try to perform disposal through specialized recyclers.

The components used in Full Gauge controllers can be recycled and reused if disassembled by specialized companies.

Disposal:

Do not incinerate or dispose the controllers that have reached the end of their service as household garbage. Observe the laws in your area regarding disposal of electronic waste. If in doubt, please contact Full Gauge Controls.

Products manufactured by Full Gauge Controls, as of May 2005, have a two (02) year warranty, as of the date of the consigned sale, as stated on the invoice. They are guaranteed against manufacturing defects that make them unsuitable or inadequate for their intended use.

EXCEPTIONS TO WARRANTYThe Warranty does not cover expenses incurred for freight and/or insurance when sending products with signs of defect or faulty functioning to an authorized provider of technical support services. The following events are not covered either: natural wear and tear of parts; external damage caused by falls or inadequate packaging of products.

LOSS OF WARRANTY

Products will automatically lose its warranty in the following cases:

- The instructions for assembly and use found in the technical description and installation procedures in Standard IEC60364 are not obeyed;
- The product is submitted to conditions beyond the limits specified in its technical description;
- The product is violated or repaired by any person not a member of the technical team of Full Gauge Controls;
- Damage has been caused by a fall, blow and/or impact, infiltration of water, overload and/or atmospheric discharge.

USE OF WARRANTY

To make use of the warranty, customers must send the properly packaged product to Full Gauge Controls together with the invoice or receipt for the corresponding purchase. As much information as possible in relation to the issue detected must be sent to facilitate analysis, testing and execution of the service.

These procedures and any maintenance of the product may only be provided by Full Gauge Controls Technical Support services in the company's headquarters at Rua Júlio de Castilhos, 250 - CEP 92120-030 - Canoas - Rio Grande do Sul – Brasil

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